The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIV. TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1884—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SCHLESINGER AND MAYER.

Wholesale and Retail Depot for the sale of C. J. Bonnet et Cie. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks,

State and Madison-sts., Chicago.

"Flushed With Success."

We are pleased to announce, notwithstanding that the elements of opposition have not entirely succumbed to our wishes, that we have for the last week since receiving the agency from Messrs. C. J. Bonnet et Cie. achieved the

Most Brilliant of Successes!

IN THIS CITY

Reckless Slaughter Sale

OF

2,000 Pcs.

C. J. Bonnet et Cie.

BLACK LYON DUCHESSE SILKS!

AT THE FOLLOWING

Reckless Slaughter Prices!

24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.65 Yds.	0.75	Worth 1.00
24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.85 Yds.	1.25	Worth 1.50
24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.85 Yds.	1.50	Worth 1.75
24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.85 Yds.	1.50	Worth 1.75
24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.85 Yds.	1.75	Worth 2.00
24-in. C.J. Bonnet & Co. Black Lyon Duchesse Silks	.85 Yds.	1.75	Worth 2.00
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SPECIAL!

24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	$1.00		Worth $1.25
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	1.25		Worth 1.50
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	1.50		Worth 1.75
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	1.75		Worth 2.00
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	2.00		Worth 2.25
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	2.25		Worth 2.50
24-in. Address Velours et Cie. Black Silks at	2.50		Worth 2.75

It is almost needless to add that our most sanguine expectations have been realized to the fullest possible extent.

Samples mailed throughout the United States.

State and Madison-sts.

FOR RENT.

THE ENTIRE BUILDING,

PRIVATE FAMILIES ONLY.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT YOUR PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO AT THE FAIR

AND GET

1 Doz. of the Finest Cabinet Photos for $2.00.

Larger Work in Proportion.

FOR SALE

IT IS TIME

To lay aside your heavy Overcoat and save it for next season. There again, don't you find it burdensome, these warm spring days?

Why not buy one of White's New Spring Overcoats? We might call them his predecessors, for they fit you more pre, and add greatly to your appearance.

You know it is not safe to go without one in this changeable climate.

Bring your wife, or if you haven't one, get one; if your income will not permit that—well we won't discuss matrimony; just bring along any friend and take a good look at our new Spring Overcoats.

Only $5.00 for a fair garment, $10 for an all-wool, $15 and $20 for handsome Silk Faced, $25, $30, $35 for Whippords, Worsteds, &c., $40, $45, $50, $55 for best Tailor-made.

You will buy here after trying on one of our coats.

We speak plain and to the point. You cannot fail to see other Clothing Houses in Chicago Spring Overcoats that will equal ours in the fitting and style. We invite comparison, we invite the test. We stand by our assertion. The Overcoats are here waiting for you. The price of a Watch not added at

JAMES WILDE JR. & CO.,

Cor. State and Madison-sts.

PLAIN SIGNS, Monogram

Best Selling 5c Cigar IN AMERICA.

SPRING FABRICS.

We are now prepared with a full line for the season.

J. B. HALL & CO., TAILORS, 139 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE.

Two Fine Brown Stone Front Houses, just finished, within one of the North Shore Drive, on

FOR SALE

$15 Spring Overcoat for $7.50

Putnam Clothing House.

Putnam Clothing House.

FOR SALE,

THE LABOR QUESTION

TRIAL

THE TURF.

POLITICS

EVENTS AT WASHINGTON.

CITY MISCELLANY.

THE CINCINNATI RIOTS.

[Re-Interest of the Fighting Last Night—The Militia Still on Guard.

Forty-eight Persons Known to Have Been Killed and One Hundred and Twenty-six Wounded.

A Possibility of Soldiers in the City—The Courts Seeking Rest Quarters.

ALL QUIET

On Government Lane yesterday.

CINCINNATI, O., March 31.—[Special Telegram.] The city has been quiet all day. Up to this hour (2:30) no disturbance has been reported and either a new argument tonight. It is the quiet to some observers that there will be no further trouble until after the militia are withdrawn, when the mob, having become more organized, will renew the attempt to tie out all the property of those who have been prominent in putting down riots. Others are of the belief that there is nothing now to be feared except from the gangs of thieves who have formed from among the rioting rabble.

RIOTS AND MURDERS.

The fire record here this afternoon is that of the most and greatest riots ever assembled from the existence of our city. The total number of fires was 19. Several of the fires were of a serious character. Fourteen and seven of these proved to have been started by incendiaries. Fifty-seven of these were started by the mob that attacked and, why, be supposed to the fire fighters. Some of the fires were extinguished by the mob, and others were allowed to burn themselves out. It is thought that the total damage will be reached.

THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

There are known positive facts that the following have been killed by the mobs. There are no official reports from them, and there is such confusion that the exact number cannot be ascertained. They are only supposed to be the slaughter which it is the general belief, was nothing commensurate. The mob was called to the killing out of the office in the beginning, and was received fatigue to avoid serious shooting. The buildings for the admission of a mouth to every thousand from the conservative and fair of deaths of over probably. It is understood that there have been many killed. Among the people there are the ones on the government and others.

A NEW COMPANY.

The government steps were taken today for forming a new militia company. It will be a regular company, like the others that now formed. The first enlistments have been made, and it is expected that the company will be ready for duty in a few days. The enlistments have been very large, and it is thought that the company will be a credit to the city. The officers of the company are not yet known, but it is understood that they will be selected from the present militia officers.

THE SITUATION

At Cincinnati Last Night.

CINCINNATI, O., March 31.—[Special Telegram.] The last and most exciting day of the most lamentable riots of modern times in the annals of this city has come and gone, leaving the people still shuddering at the horrors, the end of the terrible days being accomplished and complete. The homeless citizens are anxious to turn their attention to the rebuilding of a further outbreak, and indeed no apprehension of the kind would have been felt last night, but for the fact that the militia were not withdrawn. The mob seems completely beat. The only incident of interest was the burning of the Gibson House, formerly the property of Mr. Gibson, who was shot and killed by the police on Wednesday.

THE LAST MOMENTS.

There are many points from which the police have been taken to the mob. There was not one attempt to resist them, and there is such evil spirit now existent. The feeling against the militia is increasing. They are held responsible for the slaughter, which it is the general belief, was entirely unnecessary. The mob was also excited by the killing out of the office in the beginning, and the constant failure to quell serious shooting. The buildings for the admission of a mouth to every thousand from the conservative and fair of deaths of over probably. It is understood that there have been many killed. Among the people there are the ones on the government and others.

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THE PRESIDENTIAL TRAIN.

[No Incident Worthy of Note Occurred Over the "Chesapeake" and Southwestern Systems.

Considerable Delighting Conglomerate Journeying from the Pittsburgh of Half Continent.

The Entire Bank in New Jersey Assuming Respectable Proportions—Minneapolis.

THE ARRIVAL SITUATION.

PHILADELPHIA.

Office Surrounded Inside

PHILADELPHIA, PA., March 31.—[Special Telegram.] Five and one of Congress, from Virginia and general assistance to the Chesapeake Shenandoah, and the Southern Railway, left this morning at 8:30 o'clock in two sections of eighteen and fourteen cars, to Fredericksburg, Va., where they will be met by Fredericksburg and Potomac and Richmond, and escort them to Richmond, Va., the capital of Virginia. There is no such character to this train. The regular Pullman cars are used, and the train is in charge of the regular conductor and crew of the Chesapeake and Ohio road. Congressman Breckinridge, of Kentucky, and Congressman Wilson, of West Virginia, are the only members of the party who are not connected with the railroad. The train is scheduled to reach Richmond at 1:30 p. m. Mr. Cleveland will be met at the depot by a military escort, and will be driven to the Executive Mansion, where he will remain during his stay in Richmond. The President and Governor Tyler will review the troops in the afternoon, and in the evening there will be a reception at the Executive Mansion, which will be open to the public. Mrs. Cleveland will not accompany her husband, but will remain in Washington. The train will leave Richmond at 8 o'clock in the evening, and will arrive in Washington at 11:30 p. m.

THE RICHMOND.

The train consisted of seven cars, and was drawn by two engines. The first car was occupied by the Secret Service officers, consisting of Chief Hazen, Captain Wilkie, Lieutenant Sylvester, and Detectives Boyle, Craft, Wells, Wilkinson, and Hollister. The next car was occupied by Congressmen Breckinridge and Wilson, Private Secretary Thurber, Colonel Lamont, Dr. Bryant, and Colonel Bliss, and the third car was occupied by the President and Mrs. Cleveland. The fourth car was occupied by Governor Tyler, of Virginia, and Governor Hogg, of Texas, and the fifth car was occupied by Governor Hogg's staff. The sixth car was occupied by Governor Tyler's staff, and the seventh car was occupied by the newspaper men. The train was in charge of Conductor Hall, of the Chesapeake and Ohio road, and Engineer Hall, of the Richmond and Danville road, was in charge of the engine. The train was run at a speed of about forty miles an hour, and made the run to Richmond in about three hours. The train was met at the depot by Governor Tyler, Mayor Ellyson, and the members of the Governor's staff, and the President was escorted to the Executive Mansion by a military escort, consisting of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, the Richmond Howitzers, and the Richmond Grays. The President was received by Governor Tyler, and the Governor's staff, and the President was escorted to the Executive Mansion by a military escort, consisting of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, the Richmond Howitzers, and the Richmond Grays. The President was received by Governor Tyler, and the Governor's staff, and the President was escorted to the Executive Mansion by a military escort, consisting of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, the Richmond Howitzers, and the Richmond Grays.

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KODAK

707235

LOCAL POLITICS

[illegible]

FROM OUTSIDE.

A Wide Lack of Memory on the Part of Superintendent Walling.

The State Exchange Shareholders Congress to Support the Silver-Dollar Campaign.

Attempted Suicide of a Railroad Man Because of His Failure to Obtain Employment.

A FOUR MURDER

[illegible]

SHILLING VS. SHILLING

A Colonial Army Supposes Which Side Can Suppress the Other Quickest.

A TUG OF WAR.

The Puppy Shows the Bulldog Pulling Power Throughout the Common Enemy's Weight.

LOST IN A GALE.

AN ACTRESS IN TROUBLE.

A CHANCE OF FUN.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

ASSAULTED.

A DEAD MAN.

The Tribune.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

POSTAGE.

UNITED STATES OFFICE.

EXCURSIONS.

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1884.

Mr. GLADSTONE appeared in his usual place in the House of Commons yesterday.

There was a reduction of about $11,000,000 in the National debt during the month of March.

Milwaukee Republicans are quite confident that they will elect Mr. WALLER, their candidate for Mayor, today.

CHARLES A. DANA, the editor of the New York Sun, has arrived in the Mediterranean, and will shortly sail.

PETER LORILLARD'S remains will be placed, in accordance with his wishes, in the royal vault of St. George's Chapel, Windsor.

C. J. BRADSHAW was nominated for Mayor at Davenport, Ia., yesterday by the Republicans. The contest takes place Saturday.

The net earnings of the Baltimore, Ohio & Chicago Railroad for last week was at par most more than for the corresponding week last year.

JUDGE DAVID J. BREWER, nominated to succeed Judge MATTHEWS in the Eighth United States Judicial District, was confirmed yesterday by the Senate.

Senator VEST, the Democratic leading floating Senator of the United States for last week drew the total responses to have been only $267,000,000.

Mr. PLUMB, of Connecticut, made an argument in the Senate yesterday in favor of an Oil to settle the Connecticut & Passumpsic Railroad controversy.

Secretary of Agriculture MORTON, of Nebraska, & new line of elements, in order to accommodate the increased commerce, will plow the Potomac River this week and Thursday.

The Naval appropriation bill, as reported by the Senate committee yesterday, provides for appropriations amounting to $15,700,000. The bill as it left the House provided for $14,000,000.

CHARLES LEE, one of the oldest railway engineers in the country, left the earth's embrace at Indianapolis about a week ago and has not been heard from. It is feared that he committed suicide.

JUDGE BLACKBURN, of the Clark County Circuit Court, yesterday fined to the amount of a thousand dollars all of the jurors who found a verdict of $5,000 damages for breach of promise against a Kentucky widower of 70.

Senator SAWYER, of the United States during the quarter ending yesterday amounted to $700, aggregating $41,000,000, against $1,000, aggregating $37,000,000, in the corresponding quarter of last year.

In the House yesterday, Mr. PLATT, of Chicago, introduced a resolution directing Secretary Hargrave for the ship, harbor, and channel improvement to which he discharged the duties of his office as Minister to Berlin.

Mrs. GEORGE W. DUNLAP, wife of the well-known Indiana politician, did suddenly at Northfield yesterday of the resistance to Virginia, near Indianapolis. She was a daughter of the late Judge S. Gookins, of Ohio.

GEN. MAGGIO, the French General to Tonquin, advises his Government that after he has captured Hung Hoa he will retire with his troops and return to Phong, leaving the military duties exclusive to defend the country.

Despite to a thoroughly appreciative, for the repair of steamships will not between the Chamber, Mr. Van der Chijnbeek, Mr. ——, and complaint a contract to letter engine has lapsed recently. The special was known as to origin.

It appears that the Erie-New Canal idea can work well in the months here, to which of the shipment of 34 specially adapted. Lake Shippers, a Chicago development in the Trade of Denver, and not from the Lake County Board a $10 Depot & Ice Company, but from the Lake County Board a $10 Depot & Ice Company, but from the Lake County Board a $10 Depot & Ice Company, but

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Gordon's Situation at Khartoum One of Great Peril—El Mahdi's Action.

Hamlet's Proposed Interment from the Danish History—Queen Amy Revenants.

Threats Against the Congo Treaty—Wine Prices Largely Will Be Raised—Notes.

THE SUDAN.

[Copyright, 1884, by the Associated Press.]

CAIRO, March 31.—Advices from Khartoum to the middle day of March to explain the object of the execution of the Dash Pashas, which caused much anxiety at Khartoum when it became known. The cause of Hassan Pasha was that he refused to obey the order of Gordon to march against El Mahdi. Hassan Pasha, Prince Abdullah and a number of the Soudan officers were executed on the 4th of March. Gordon is said to be in good health and spirits. He has ample provisions and ammunition and will be able to hold out for a long time. The Arabs are hostile to El Mahdi. Gordon's position is considered very strong. Zebehr has not yet arrived at Khartoum. Gordon has sent a letter to Zebehr, in which he says that he has come to Khartoum to help the Egyptians and not to fight against them. Gordon has also written a letter to the Sheik of Berber, in which he says that he has come to Khartoum to help the Egyptians and not to fight against them. Gordon has also written a letter to the Sheik of Berber, in which he says that he has come to Khartoum to help the Egyptians and not to fight against them.

EGYPT.

The British Government informed the Porte that the Porte has promised assistance to the Egyptian army, and that the Porte has also promised assistance to the Egyptian army. The Porte has also promised assistance to the Egyptian army. The Porte has also promised assistance to the Egyptian army.

GREECE.

ATHENS, March 31.—Advices from Crete state that the Porte has promised assistance to the Egyptian army. The Porte has also promised assistance to the Egyptian army. The Porte has also promised assistance to the Egyptian army.

SPAIN.

MADRID, March 31.—The Queen Regent has appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned. The Queen Regent has also appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned.

PORTUGAL.

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RUSSIA.

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FRANCE.

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GERMANY.

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AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, March 31.—The Queen Regent has appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned. The Queen Regent has also appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned.

ITALY.

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TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 31.—The Queen Regent has appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned. The Queen Regent has also appointed Don Manuel Silvela Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to Don Manuel Silvela, who has resigned.

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CHARLES BRADLAUGH.

Career of the English Free-Thinker Who Has Given the Government So Much Trouble.

What Clerk, Cooke-School Teacher, Soldier, Lawyer, and Lecturer Has Made of Himself.

One of the most extraordinary men in England at the present day is Charles Bradlaugh. He has been a source of endless trouble to the Government ever since Mr. Gladstone was made Prime Minister in 1880. Bradlaugh is a man of natively powerful, even magnetic, and influential carriage. In brief he is an atheist, he would prohibit a Sabbatarian, and he prides a Republican. He is the ingleborn of a banker, a mountebank-agitator, and a non-commissioned officer. The acknowledged chief of English Freethinkers, he has been styled "The Vice-President of the Republic of United Britain." While Home Sovereignty occupied with the pens of its society he seems to have spent his time chiefly in trying to break through at least one of them, and that one fronting a part of the Constitution itself. There is an ominous suggestion of old talks in the government of all countries, but it is the foreigner, more of every stripe to stop a bolt or bog as a rabbit, and this is what Bradlaugh about do. He is, in fact, a self-styled clever commander of a hero, an his sword and shore.

EARLY LIFE.

Charles Bradlaugh was born at Hoxton, a commercial suburb of London, in 1833. His father was a poor struggling clerk in a solicitor's office. When Charles was 7 years of age he was sent to a national school in Bethnal Green. He was subsequently removed to a good private academy in the same locality. His attendance continued, except when he was employed in his 11th year as a boy-lookout to the Harwich mail. Charles had acquired very little beyond a knowledge of the three R's. He is consequently a self-taught man, being robbed as accomplishes advises, and possesses a literary task extensive and various.

Young Bradlaugh began serving his own livelihood as an office boy with the firm to whom his father was employed. In his 15th year Charles became chief clerk and cashier to a firm of coal merchants in Artizans Fields. With an augment the serious troubles of his life began. A lot of it, he has looked upon as a mere young Christian and an enthusiastic Sunday-school teacher. The Bible of London was an excellent to fulfil a confession to Bethnal Green, and the first St. Peters the foundation of St. Peter's, Sydney road, regarded the ministry duties to be pursued with extreme earnest to the questions that ought to put to him by the Bishop relative to the deity-was articles and sermon comments. Bradlaugh, Charles set about his task, and in preparing the articles was struggle to break free of God as such that he could not accurately have. He accordingly wrote to the clergyman asking for assistance in clearing away the religious inconsistencies. Instead of replying to the communication, either because he could not or because he didn't, parents the Bible as a Sunday-school teacher for three months. Naturally enough young Bradlaugh refused to plead church during the period of his suspension as a teacher, and began to spend his Sundays likewise then as a religious person.

DISSOLUTION WITH HIS MOTHER'S AIDS.

The time there was one of great religious and political ferment, and Bonner's Fields, only three Bradlaugh lived, was the hotbed meeting of dissenters of all kinds, secretary Chartists, Fellow-to-repent-to particulate-do-a-heaven, to certain contempt for the discussion of the rights and wrongs of the working classes and the rights of the Dissenting ministers opposed to the authority of the Established Church. He may there or they on the Orthodox high priest side, there are Tests, and there is a full-fledged atheist, as on your street corner. He soon came to become a contempt.

The temperance agitation inaugurated by Father Mathew in the early part of the century was then being fostered by a temperance lecturer who had given up his profession to take the platform. Bradlaugh's mother was a strong temperance woman, and her son became a total abstainer. He was never about seventeen when he became a lecturer to the Dividing Corporation and rose to be Father—for the present purpose of laughter sections of the organization.

VOICE OF CAESAR.

Owing to some cause or a cutaway to Bradlaugh has made little use to his voice in public work in the past. He is a good story speaker, but not an engaging declaimer. He has his own mode of thought, but when he begins quite an energetic way. His voice breaks was given to him by Father. He has taken up the chief points of the England and the United States, and has answered with a scathing sarcasm. His private subject was "English Republicanism and the Anti-Land-Leaguers." In these he has treated Parnell's position in the same manner as Bradlaugh's hearing them. His sarcasm and talent breaks out in the positive tones are. On finding out that the great English agitator is "the true friend of Ireland" the other speakers of the Land League tried to explain the element of humor in the statement. He seemed to ladies and elegant conversation as "sweet tea," to the effect of Mr. Thomas Rogers, of Chilworth street, a member of St Philips's Hall, Bayswater, who was in the chair, and who, except the golden hat of Queen for people

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

The World in Its Amusing Aspects—Comical Sayings and Doings.

"The Sad Young Man" on the Ladies' Bath.

"What's all's sale Tenn that Three Grain and the ladies' bathroom" asked one of our bathrooms were on he stood with his friends taking the bathing tubes of the detecting of gents. A long silence followed, which was at length broken by the last young man who made a living by making the best of a sinner after pondering the question long for a long time, he said:

"Them Ladies is' rather 'hard'"

The first bad young man was evidently annoyed by the question, and looked coldly at the bathroom shoes, hoping for some explanation from them, but none came. He sighed heavily, and as repeating gloom toward the bathroom house he once more a heavy to the entire house the long meanings of subjects the last bathing time. It was on to the entire house, but he did it slowly enough, to preserve the gloomy look upon him to avoid any unpleasant enquiry, the bathroom had gone to bed.

"I ain't sure; I said it on the first August's or autumn. Bath-house becomes dull."

"What's the meaning of" asked the bad young man whose mother-tongue is nothing.

"I don't I know," said the bathroom had been young man, after a painful silence, and with a sigh, "but I'm thinking that Bradley Martin's ball will be a good deal like it. Everybody will be there, and everybody will be dressed alike, and everybody will be bored to death. The only difference will be that the bathroom will be differently and with the bad. When everything seems perfectly unbearable at the moment, and he thinks of committing suicide, he will remember that he has to dress for the ball, and that will be enough to make him live another day."

The bad young man looked at his companion, as if he thought he was crazy, and then walked off in silence.

A Useful Guide.

An uptown horse gentleman stalled up there to the livery's office, some months afternoon, and, after getting his horse, got on the box seat to drive off. "I want to see a scientific," he being encouraged to remarked with a cough. "Can you direct me to such a place?" The office-keeper looked him hard. "Yes," said the proud horseman, "I am quite desirous of seeing a scientific." "Well, then," said the man, "you'll find the Academy of Music about a mile down the road."

"What's the meaning of" asked the bad young man whose mother-tongue is nothing.

"I don't I know," said the bathroom had been young man, after a painful silence, and with a sigh, "but I'm thinking that Bradley Martin's ball will be a good deal like it. Everybody will be there, and everybody will be dressed alike, and everybody will be bored to death. The only difference will be that the bathroom will be differently and with the bad. When everything seems perfectly unbearable at the moment, and he thinks of committing suicide, he will remember that he has to dress for the ball, and that will be enough to make him live another day."

The bad young man looked at his companion, as if he thought he was crazy, and then walked off in silence.

Not Above the Country.

After the long drive to Bowen to spend the hours of night and enjoy the evening, the young man finds this fresh Bowen poem. Her father looked over her shoulder as she stood the book, and placed her hands on the green card a bottle of potash, a sparkling a home-bottle, two sardines, a tooth-brush, a pocket-book, and a pipe-cleaner.

"Good heavens, my daughter!" he shrieked, as he fell to the floor, "what's the meaning of this? Is this the charming young lady I've been trusting to the companionship of?"

"Yes, papa," said Miss, weeping; "and there have been so many delays in getting home that I was obliged to get some things to take with me. I'm not prepared to be at the mercy of the country."

"Very well," said the old gentleman, as he picked up the bottle and pipe-cleaner, "I'll have to have breakfast brought out to me, and I'll have to get a new pocket-book, but I'll be hanged if I'll have my daughter made a laughing-stock of by the country people. Come home with me at once."

The Editor and the Burglar.

Last night a tramp village editor awoke to find a burglar standing in the chamber the 60-odd and busily and closing his coat-pocket from beneath his pillow, he took exception at the intruder's feet. Looking around and breaking politely object of his part, the burglar pleasingly said:

"Don't me, for I have made a mistake in the house. I have found nothing but an old and an antiquated pair, but not worth a picture."

"You are mistaken" the editor, holding his pen like a deadly instrument, "in this a literary house, and you have found a treasure."

The burglar looked over the room, and after a moment's hesitation, said:

"Then perhaps I may as well collect" observed the burglar. "Your paper is not about to publish, I have found that the Daily News does, and as this is the first time I've been in your house I suppose I ought to call on the editor."

"Very good," said the editor with a sigh, as he released the pistol and replaced a bottle of ink in the pocket. "I am sorry to find you have been disappointed in your search, but you evidently expect this house, and then how can—Baltimore Telegraph.

A Wasted Visit.

An uptown horse gentleman stalled up there to the livery's office, some months afternoon, and, after getting his horse, got on the box seat to drive off. "I want to see a scientific," he being encouraged to remarked with a cough. "Can you direct me to such a place?" The office-keeper looked him hard. "Yes," said the proud horseman, "I am quite desirous of seeing a scientific." "Well, then," said the man, "you'll find the Academy of Music about a mile down the road."

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Minister Sargent's Sacrifice.

Minister Sargent has consented, says the Herald's Court, to the great Swiss bazaar the Queen Charlotte ended the twelfth Saturday. It is a true sorrow to the good Edward called a halt to the gay spell of the Swiss to his home. The minister resolutely left the banquet-hall, but to a woman, dressed and grave beauty upon Sargent's grave a pang of intelligent shame that nearly ended the affair-off. Sargent turned quite pale, his voice trembled to ground the floor, and, putting his hand to his heart, he sank into a chair. Lucky enough the Queen was looking in another direction, and the minister's indisposition passed unobserved. Sargent is a martyr to heart disease.

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CRIMES FOR DISPOSITION.

Condition of Christian Statesmanship.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31.—In Congress to-morrow the question of a thorough investigation of post-office affairs, the following account of the business required for the bill will be presented. The post-office appropriation bill is a composite of reports, to which the various subcommittees have sent of the powers of committee and the changes to be made to the offices that have not believed to be.

All questions have received most careful consideration, and the subcommittee has found many cases of abuse and waste in the service. The Senate has not been able to make the necessary reforms in the post-office service, and the House has not been able to make the necessary reforms in the post-office service, and the House has not been able to make the necessary reforms in the post-office service, and the House

NORTHWEST NEWS.

Decline to Intervene from the Prairie District—Effect by the Corn.

Success of Secesh, the Milwaukee Lunatic—Supervisor Disappointed—Denied by a Falling Veil.

Singular and Fatal Accident to a Michigan Minister—Log-chute—The Fort Rail.

ILLINOIS.

WISCONSIN.

MICHIGAN.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Appropriation Bill as Fixed Seconds the Appointing by One Majority.

An Unusually Attempt to Justify the Jobbery—The Rave Violently Its Opinion.

THE RAILROADS.

Settlement of the Controversy over the Lyndon-Chicago "Continental Freight Line."

Willing to Return to Customers' Evidence at Cincinnati.

Chicago to Cincinnati Over the Short Line—Change in Time.

Short Line Notes.

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Affairs.

Chicago & Great Western Notes.

Chicago & Northwestern Notes.

Illinois Central Freight Notes.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Notes.

Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan Notes.

Chicago & Alton Notes.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

HUGE HIT! THE STRANGLERS OF PARIS.

GRANDEST OF THE MELODRAMAS "All for My Daughter."

Grand Ladies' Matinee Tomorrow.

CENTRAL MUSIC HALL.

Apollo Club!

OVIDE MUSIN,

Gypsy Band

Ovide Musin.

PRINCESS IDA!

SOL. A. SMILEY'S SOUTH SIDE DIME MUSEUM.

SOL. A. SMILEY'S WEST SIDE DIME MUSEUM.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

MUSEUM and THEATRE

PARISIAN Ladies' Orchestra

Battle of Gettysburg.

DR. LOUIS MAAS.

JALMA!

Fay Templeton Opera Co.

Prof. E. O. JOHNSON.

PLANTER'S WIFE!

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Col. Joe Simpson, of Dubuque, is at the Sherman.

The Hon. Clark Lilly, of Clinton, is at the Sherman.

The Hon. D. T. Litton, of Springfield, Ill., is at the Grand Pacific.

Col. T. W. Pyle, U. S. A., and Gen. A. Anderson, Chief Engineer of the Baltimore Fire Department, are at the Palmer.

Dr. T. F. Norton, of the Academy for Arts and Soldiers' Home Farmer and Fruit Grower, is at the Clifton House. This is his second visit to the commissioners-elect in the interest of farm journals, which have a large circulation among the Anglo-Germans and are good advertising mediums.

Hans Liliel, who ought to be State Treasurer, though Scott, who has succeeded to Judson Attorney-General Hathaway, said he'd a d—d sight rather participate at quoits or the poolsellers' trust in Chicago yesterday, Judge Sanborn has stepped in and, very, for the fifteen hundred that had come up to the city to look over the portions Scott and Hathaway were sing, adjourned it to the Cook County Convention. The contempt of the contestants' counsel don't trust, unless the contestants' counsel don't trust, unless the contestants' counsel don't trust, unless

LOST AND FOUND.

SITUATIONS—MALE.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

DESIRABLE TENEMENTS.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—OFFICES.

TO RENT—STORES AND BASEMENTS.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

PARTNERS WANTED.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AGENTS WANTED.

PATENTS.

TO LOAN.

CONSTRUCTION.

BUILDING AND CONTRACTING.

FOR SALE.

BOOKS & OFFICE FIXTURES.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

DENTAL.

MEDICAL.

PERSONAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. B. HOLLINS & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
24 Broadway, New York.

Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway Company.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. CO.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

BUSINESS.

Wall-Street Stocks Weak and Declining—Foreign Exchanges—Movements of Gold.

The Foreign Markets Weak, and Provisions Very Dull, with No Demand.

Grain Moderately Active and Firmer to the Afternoon—A Fair Shipping Inquiry.

FREIGHTS.

BULLION PRICES.

ARRIVAL OF GOLD.

RETURNED HOME.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

LAKE MARINE.

**A Defective Pipe Caused the Steam-Lo-
ter Roumania Lost Until to
Him.**

**The Vessels Comes Its Stern-Rolling of
Motor Locomotive-General Items
of a Nautical Nature.**

[Special to The Chicago Tribune.]

Port Huron, Mich., March 31.—Capt. William H. Brooks, Marine Inspector for the Port Huron Inspection District, with a corps of men, examining the lost steamship. The problem was the vessel was found with none the damage as Sailor's other navigation vessels. Saturday, March 15, the sank. Upon that over the hull of water to her keel and 6,000 bushels of her cargo were lost. The ships was insured for $40,000, and there was no insurance on the vessel. The latter is owned by the Lorain Transportation Company, whose office and headquarters are at Cleveland, and whose vessel was built at Marine City, Mich., in 1882. The divers found that the damage was due to the vessel striking on a rock of gravel, which rises somewhat out of the bottom of the river. This rock was apparently not known. This should not, apparently, be the cause of the vessel's sinking, as the water was deep enough to float her. In examining the vessel's bottom it was found that the timbers and iron braces on the starboard side were broken and twisted out of shape, and that the plates were also bent. The vessel was then raised to the surface, and it was found that the damage was due to a defective pipe. The pipe is situated in the forward part of the hold, and is used for the purpose of filling the boilers with water. The pipe is provided with a stopcock, and the water is forced through the pipe by means of a steam-pump

BOSTON GOSSIP.

How Sunday Is Observed in the Home of Culture and Cod-fish.

An Effort to Break Up the Tenement Plague Where Fare Prevails.

Gov. Robinson's Growing Popularity—An Insomnia Preacher—Home and Home.

BOSTON, Mass., March 31.—[Special Correspondence.]—There is probably no city in the Union so quiet on Sunday as Boston. Its midnight Saturday the saloons put up their shutters, and closes into the spell upon the ancient town. Even cold beer cannot the assets the dark tones of morning visitors glide along, looking stealthily about for acquaintances to recognize, but dodging on Sunday but the proprietors of the hot and the cigar take them into custody with promises of settlement on the determined frown for Tuesday on to the morrow. The visits of foreigners grow less frequent, the selling of the choice business men ceases, and, as the darkness deepens and the fog-bell comes from the ocean ships upon the city, twenty-four hours of silence are still begun. Sunday is not the favorite holiday in the hours of the fortress. It should have ordered precedence into their way to the sanctuary, but in the fortress sentiment of the town, where all is quiet and habit dwells days, the streets are crowds deserted. At noon Washington street shows scarcely a sign of life, and the closed doors and deep shadows cast an air of impending gloom to the lightway of trade. Turning into the side streets at intervals, where the tolerant saloon and barroom are doubly well patronized, one feel the dense strange silence. It is not New York, a single exception to hide the harmonies and set interiors with business would be all sufficient, but here there is no sign of week-day trade, and the scene of the noisy Sabbath and the gambling one is not heard upon the air. The air itself seems to be quiescent, and there is a modest cloak about the residence-evidently quite the fact, while the dense fences across the steep pavement and sober foothills and more with an ascetic seriousness.

What is to more enough a goodly number of people sit upon the benches in the Common, and suggest and quiet, never speaking so as to be heard a rod away; and if the indignities figure of a man appears on the shoulder to break the air of one who has just seen breath of a cold relative and to going after the cars. Possibly he is not, however, and it is likely that he will turn into the interior of the Cyclorama or the Commercial-street museum of a walk to the Navy-yard, but the desire to frequent has to bring for a long day with a church to the Sunday-school. On the way out it often is that some of the men have consulted with and the newspaper of Sunday has looked around them so as to lose any spying effect of the poor. But all is not the Sunday, on fine sitting and an hilarious lolling about.

This bright, soothing day within the vacation who is sought to foster over Sunday there every week by ordinances of former city authorities, and the private citizen who has no home finds there every spot ready to his ease. Even the mayor of the city, under the spell of sentimental pride, would gather the two who become the object of curiosity, and there are those who, because the Sabbath and the Sunday-school, would not forbid their entry. Whatever may be the cause, the fact remains that the Sabbath is the most quiet day of the week, and that the tenement-house population is the most quiet part of it. Even the children, who, on the week days, are the most noisy, are then the most subdued, and the tenement-house streets, which, on the week days, are the most crowded, are then the most deserted. Even the Italians, who, during the week, are the most noisy, are then the most quiet, and the tenement-house streets, which, on the week days, are the most crowded, are then the most deserted. Even the Italians, who, during the week, are the most noisy, are then the most quiet, and the tenement-house streets, which, on the week days, are the most crowded, are then the most deserted.

A BASEMENT BALL.

Experience of a Reporter Who Attended a Washerwoman's Reception.

The night was dark and miserably wet, and most women who had any object in not exposing equally miserable, preceding themselves from the driving rain, every street-lamp with a flicker, large pools of water, and streams of mud-ruts from the hot holes of the carriages as they jogged and jangled along. It was not such a night as any one but a gutter-snipe would care for standing out in, and there a regret came into the minds of those who had engagements to go to, that they had not left home earlier, before dark and stay-at-home weather had set in. Such was the case with the writer of this, who had promised to attend a basement ball, and who, as the time for departure drew near, felt more and more disinclined to go. Though the ball was to be given by a washerwoman, and the guests were to be washerwomen, and their friends, and the refreshments were to be of the most humble character, still there was a certain fascination about the affair which made me feel that I would not like to miss it. Besides, I had promised to go, and I hate to break my word. So, after a hasty supper, I donned my rubber boots, my oldest clothes, and my shabbiest hat, and started for the scene of festivity.

Arriving at the place, I found that it was a basement in a house on Shawmut avenue, not far from the South Bay. The house was one two-story and attic affairs, with stoops, and was in a row of similar houses, all of which looked alike. The basement was reached by a flight of steps, and I descended, and found myself in a room about twenty feet square, with a low ceiling, and whitewashed walls. The room was lighted by two gas-burners, which were hanging on movable tubes from the floor. It was about 8 o'clock when I arrived, and the guests were already beginning to assemble. A band of musicians, consisting of a violin, a cornet, and a bass viol, were tuning up in the corner, and the floor was being rubbed with pieces of carpet by the washerwoman's husband, who was also the janitor of the house. The guests were all colored people, and the young women were dressed in their best clothes, and were accompanied by their beaux, who were also dressed in their best clothes. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

The band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

The dancing was kept up until about 11 o'clock, when the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 12 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 1 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 2 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 3 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 4 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 5 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 6 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 7 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 8 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 9 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

At about 10 o'clock, the band struck up a lively tune, and the dancing began. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum. The men were all in their shirt-sleeves, and were smoking cigars. The women were all in their best clothes, and were chewing gum.

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GLADSTONE SMITH ON CANADA.

Discussing the Attractions of the Dominion and the United States.

TORONTO, C. W., March 31.—Goldwin Smith has interviewed to-day by the Globe concerning the marriage between Canada and the United States. He considers the tariff conditions of trade between the two countries absurd and highly injurious to both countries, and would go to Canada because that is the greatest obstacle. He expresses the opinion that the time has arrived for annexation, and that the Canadian Government should proceed to negotiate a treaty of commercial union with the United States. He says